



LAST EDITION  
WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE  
Showers.  
THE METALS  
Silver, 57 1/2 per ounce.  
Copper (casting), 15 1/2 per pound.  
Lead, in ore, \$3.50; New York, \$3.50.

# JAPANESE WILL NOT RETURN THE BOAT

## General Stoessel Refuses to Surrender Port Arthur. Attack Has Been Renewed

NON-COMBATANTS STILL IN THE DOOMED CITY.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 18, 12:20 p. m.—The report that General Stoessel, the Russian commander at Port Arthur, declined to capitulate in response to the Japanese summons created no surprise. The war office would have been amazed if he had yielded.

Tokio, Aug. 18, noon.—Lieutenant General Stoessel, in command at Port Arthur, has refused to surrender and has declined the offer made by the Japanese for the removal of non-combatants there. Reasons for this latter action are not given, but it is probable that the non-combatants are unwilling to accept a favor at the hands of the Japanese. They confess, however, that necessity for their removal exists.

It is said that the Japanese attack will be resumed immediately, it now enters upon its final stage.

LOSE 20,000 MEN.  
Japs Gained Important Positions in Last Attack.

Chefoo, Aug. 18, 8 p. m.—A battle of proportions ranged around Port Arthur Aug. 17 and 18, and it resumed Aug. 17. The Japanese, it is reported, sacrificed 20,000 more men, but gained important advantages on the matter of position. The above news was brought here on junk, one of which having on board three Russians, concealed in the baggage the Chinese to escape. The Japanese left Port Arthur last night and was blown rapidly to Chefoo by a gale. The main force of the attack was directed against the left wing and resulted in the capture of Pigeon bay positions and some of the ports at Liao Tieshan. At Paluchang the Japanese have mounted guns which did excellent service in adding the storming of the right wing, where the Japanese have captured two forts of minor value, mounting eight four-inch guns, two siege guns and six quick firing guns. The position of the Japanese is not clear, but numerous Chinese sources aver that the Japanese have been seen in force in that section.

Apparently a cruising attack originating in Louisiana bay swept through the Pigeon bay position, the Japanese, in the doing of which a majority of the lives of the expedition were sacrificed. On the night of the 15th the battle of the Pigeon bay position was fought. The Japanese sent the terms of surrender to Lieutenant General Stoessel. The terms provided that the garrison should march out with the honors of war and join General Kuropatkin; that all civilians be brought to a place designated by the Japanese; that the Russian warships in the harbor, numbering seven, namely, the battleships Retvizan, Sevastopol, Pobeda, Peresvet, Potemkin, and the cruiser Pallada and twelve or more torpedo boat destroyers and four gunboats be surrendered to the Japanese.

Lieutenant General Stoessel is alleged to have received the terms with a burst of wonderful profanity, his habitual taciturnity deserting him. He strode the floor until he became calmer and then remarked that if the Japanese proposition was a joke it was in bad taste.

Reply Was Prompt.  
General Stoessel's treatment of the Japanese major was courteous, but his reply was prompt and characteristic. The Japanese major then asked for a three days' truce in which to bury the dead. This was granted and the Japanese was renewed at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 17th and as the junk left it was being waged furiously on all sides. They threatened to capture the confidence that the fortress will hold out. They state that reinforcements from General Kuropatkin are expected within a fortnight. A frightful incident of the recent fighting, the refusal of the Japanese to accept the terms of the offer made by the Japanese, occurred in the storming of the Pigeon bay position, when land mines were exploded. It is alleged that two Japanese infantry regiments, two cavalry regiments and one artillery company were destroyed.

The refugees further say that the warships now at Port Arthur are still in fighting trim. This statement seems hardly credible in the light of recent developments.

It is stated that Admiral Witthoff's last signal during the battle of Aug. 17 was to remember that the emperor's orders were not to return to Port Arthur. It is presumed that superficial repairs have deceived spectators viewing the ships and that the Japanese are occupied by the order that no one be allowed to inspect them.

The Japanese are at the taking of Takushan is estimated at 5,000. Shell falling in Port Arthur fall mostly in the old town.

On the right wing it is stated that the Japanese have penetrated to an abandoned Chinese arsenal one and one-quarter miles east of the city. Most of the dock yard buildings have been damaged.

BATTLE GOING ON.  
General Stoessel Refused Point Blank to Surrender.

Chefoo, Aug. 18, 7:30 p. m.—Russian and Chinese who left Port Arthur last night and arrived here to-day declare that Lieutenant General Stoessel, in command at Port Arthur, refused to surrender to the Japanese and that the Russians began firing again at the time set for replying to the Japanese.

They confirm also previous reports that there are seven Russian ships in Port Arthur harbor, in addition to torpedo boats and gunboats, and that they are being shelled by the Japanese.

They delivered to him the emperor's offer to remove non-combatants to a place of safety. The tender included women and children under 16 years of age, priests, diplomats and officers of non-combatant units.

The conditions of the answer required that at 10 o'clock, Aug. 17, the non-combatants should advance under a flag of truce. At 2 o'clock, Aug. 17, a

Moreover, She Threatens to Go After Those at Shanghai.  
SUCH ACTION NOT PROBABLE  
SERIOUS ASPECT OF AFFAIRS FOR CHINA.  
MAY CHANGE HER MIND.  
Japan Expected to Ultimately Return the Ryehsieteln.

London, Aug. 18.—Japan has officially notified Great Britain that she does not propose to give up the Russian torpedo boat destroyers, Ryehsieteln, captured in the harbor of Chefoo, Aug. 12.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 18.—M. Odagiri, the Japanese consul general, has notified the Taotai of Shanghai that a Japanese fleet is coming in to seize the Russian torpedo boat destroyer Grozovoi. The chief engineer of the customs department reports that the Russian vessels are not seaworthy. The repairs being made by the Russians on the Grozovoi will be completed in about ten days. It is uncertain when the repairs to the Askold will be finished. There is no uneasiness here, although the situation is thought to be acute. The foreign consuls are determined to preserve the neutrality of the port.

Japan Expected to Ultimately Return the Ryehsieteln.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 19, 3:20 a. m.—The Chinese minister came to St. Petersburg from his seaside villa and conferred with several ambassadors regarding developments in the Ryehsieteln incident. The general impression in diplomatic circles here is that Japan may yet change her mind and surrender the Ryehsieteln to the care of some neutral power, reserving all rights. Such a course, it is pointed out, would strengthen Japan's position and at the same time avoid the possibility of complications affecting the Russian ships at Shanghai is, it is understood, being settled on the spot by the Taotai and the consul.

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WARSHIPS USELESS.  
Fact Made Plain by Reports From the Commanders.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 19, 3:20 a. m.—Long reports received from Admiral Jessen and Captain Reizenstein, commander of the cruiser Askold, concerning the fighting of the Vladivostok and Port Arthur squadrons, while adding somewhat to the details of these engagements, do not carry the naval situation in the far east beyond the dispatches previously received by the Associated Press.

Captain Reizenstein is apparently unable to throw any further light on the whereabouts of the vessels of the Port Arthur squadron. Both the admiralty and the Russian press are of the opinion that the Russian warships are of little use in the present situation.

POWERS WOULD INTERFERE.  
Japs Cannot Make War in the Port of Shanghai.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The fact that Shanghai is what is popularly known as an international port, in all probability, will prevent the Japanese from making any offensive naval operations against the Russian ships now there. In ports of this character a number of nations have certain well-defined rights—granted to them by the government of the country in which the port is located. The natural expectation, therefore, is that every port will be made to preserve the neutrality of Shanghai and prevent any active steps by Japan toward capturing the Russian vessels now there. However, the necessity for any such action seems to be obviated by the promise of the Russian government, as announced in the St. Petersburg dispatches, to disarm the Askold and the Grozovoi, thus rendering them useless for further effective work during the war.

Czarevitch Disarmed.  
Tsing Tau, Aug. 18, 6 p. m.—All the Russian ships in the Russian fleetship at Tsing Tau have been disarmed.

The terms of parole imposed upon the Russian ships at Tsing Tau are that they are to remain in the harbor until the end of the war. The officers of the Russian warships who are to be about, are being verbally entertained by the Germans here.

Would Not Accede.  
London, Aug. 19.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tokyo says it has been announced that the Japanese commander in front of Port Arthur has been unable to accede to a Russian request for a grace in order to permit the removal of non-combatants from that city. Nothing has been received from any other source confirming the foregoing.



Uncle Sam—John, I Like the Old Style Best.

# WAITING FOR DEATH

## Senator Hoar Conscious and Realizes That the End Is Near.

Worcester, Mass., Aug. 18.—No marked change was noticeable in the condition of Senator Hoar today. He was still conscious and aware of his condition. He was still conscious and aware of his condition. He was still conscious and aware of his condition.

The senator's mind is perfectly clear and he thoroughly realizes the seriousness of his condition. He was still conscious and aware of his condition. He was still conscious and aware of his condition.

At noon Senator Hoar was resting calmly. He was still conscious and aware of his condition. He was still conscious and aware of his condition.

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ALL DESPERATE MEN  
Three Negro Strike Breakers at Omaha Arrested For Heinous Crimes.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 18.—The sixth week of the strike at the South Omaha packing houses begins without material change from conditions during the past ten days; while the packers are adding to their forces of strike-breakers, they are at the same time losing by desertions a considerable number of these men.

A rumor of the probable return of the sheep butchers, which was circulated last night, proved to have no basis in fact.

Receipts at the stock yards today were 2,200 cattle; 6,200 hogs and 2,700 sheep, all much below normal.

Sheep J. W. Welch of Lafayette county, Mississippi, acting as deputy sheriff with authority from the sheriff of Yalobusha county, Mississippi, today arrested among the strike-breakers at Cudahy's plant the two negroes from Water Valley, Miss., one charged with criminal assault, and the other with burglary.

Jack Johnson, a negro of Los Angeles, Cal., was also arrested for an alleged murder.

UNITED STATES HAS A NEW SHELL FOR THE NAVY

Washington, Aug. 18.—In the bureau of ordnance plans are being drawn for the re-arming of all guns in the navy. The rapid-fire gun will be fitted with a new telescopic sight which will be of great value in the navy. The cost for this work will be large, but its immediate execution is declared to be necessary.

Tests are soon to be conducted with a new range-finder and the ships of the battleship squadron are to be fitted with range-finders of a design which has recently been tested and found satisfactory.

Tests also have been ordered of a new kind of shell known as "tracers," which are used for night firing, and which are illuminated so that they trace the course of the projectile and enable the gun pointers to note the effect of the fire.

PASSED CENTURY MARK.  
Chicago, Ill., Aug. 18.—Isaac Miller of Nepeset, Ill., is dead at the age of 194 years. He had used tobacco since he was 12 years old.

# EXCITEMENT AT THE STOCK YARDS

## Small Fire Gave Rise to Incendiary Rumors.

## STUDENTS ROUGHLY HANDLED

## RACE ISSUE RAISED BY THE STRIKERS.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—Fire in the northeast corner of the stock yards today gave rise to exciting rumors that incendiaries were at work. Sparks, presumably from a passing locomotive, fell into a pile of hay. The blaze was quickly extinguished.

George B. Bailey, an Englishman, who was employed by packers' agents on Ellis Island as soon as he landed from his native land, lost his presence of mind when his train drew into the stock yards today. A menacing-looking crowd had gathered at the tracks. Bailey, getting out his revolver, began shooting. He fired five shots and was reloading his weapon when a policeman arrested him. No person was hit by Bailey's bullets.

A new source of trouble developed in the strike situation today when the grease wagon teamsters voted to handle nothing for the strikers who are "unfair." The teamsters will not haul any refuse except for dealers who patronize the independent packers only.

Ran Into Trouble.  
Because they wanted to study the strike situation, two Harvard students, William P. Foster and Black Evans, ran into serious trouble today at Twenty-eighth street and Ashland avenue, and were nearly killed. They were carrying small packages that looked like hunch boxes and were therefore mistaken for strike-breakers.

A mob gathered and the students tried to board a passing car. "Hurry on here," cried members of the crowd, and at full speed the car went forward. In front of it was a garbage wagon, the driver of which, David Neale, supposed the car would stop and made no effort to get out of the way. The car was struck and upset and he was thrown to the street with such violence that his right arm was broken. The students, in the excitement, escaped, but were overtaken and beaten by strike pickets, to whom they explained their purpose. They said they did not enjoy their rough experience, but were not willing to be deterred thereby from prosecuting their investigation.

Race Issue Raised.  
President Donnelly has had a conference with the executive board with the "League of American Business Men," which was organized by the packers to help the strikers. A committee was formed to extend the movement to all parts of the city instead of confining it to the stock yards.

The league has raised the race issue, taking the ground that if the packers will not end the strike and the strike will be driven from the stock yards region and that the place will become a negro settlement with a population of at least 20,000 men, women and children.

A police officer forbidding access to the stock yards to a packer wearing a union button, went into effect today. Hundreds of persons have hitherto entered and out of Exchange avenue without question, but the private thoroughfare and a parallel at Forty-fifth street, crossing the stock yards, are the only means of reaching the district a mile to the west without going north to Thirty-ninth street, or south to Forty-seventh, to find a public street.

# ASSASSIN IN WAITING

## Prince Obelinsky Has Taken Charge as Governor General of Finland.

Helsingfors, Aug. 18.—Prince Obelinsky today assumed his functions as governor general of Finland. Upon his arrival here he was driven to the Russian cathedral, where he received divine services. Subsequently the governor held a grand reception at the imperial palace. The governor will start at once on a tour of inspection of the grand duchy.

Prince John Obelinsky, formerly governor of Kherson and later of Kharkoff, was appointed July 4 last to succeed as governor general of Finland, General Bobrikoff, who was shot June 6 of the present year by a student, Eugene Schumann, son of ex-Senator Schumann, a member of the Reichstag.

According to a dispatch to the Associated Press, Prince Obelinsky's wife, the wife of the governor general, is said to have received many threatening letters, stating that her husband would be killed if she did not leave him after his arrival in Finland.

KNAPP MEETS DEATH IN ELECTRIC CHAIR

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 19.—Alfred A. Knapp, convicted of the murder of his wife, Hannah Goddard, was executed today by electric chair. He was the first man to be executed in the new electric chair at the Ohio penitentiary. He was executed at 12:02 p. m. and at 12:09 he was pronounced dead.

UTAH REPRESENTED AT THE GATHERING

(Special to The Herald.)  
Dedham, Mass., Aug. 18.—One of the most notable family gatherings ever held in the east took place here today when the Fairbanks family of America convened at the historic homestead here in Dedham. The building was erected in 1636 by Jonathan Fairbanks, from whom the family sprang. There are over 18,000 descendants. The Utah representatives were Miss Edith Boyd and Abraham Doreno of Salt Lake, Mary Fairbanks-Brown and Lillian Fairbanks of Payson, Utah.

POISON IN THE CREAM.  
Richmond, Va., Aug. 18.—It is reported from Lynchburg that at Pleasant View, Amherst county, last night twenty-five persons attending the meeting of the Piedmont Baptist association were poisoned—several fatally—by eating ice cream. Pleasant View is renowned and the rumor is not fully confirmed.

AGED IDAHO MAN FALLS FROM SHORT LINE TRAIN

Haines, Ore., Aug. 18.—A Blessinger, 68 years of age, formerly of Caldwell, Idaho, in the Boise valley, fell off a train bound for Portland about four miles west of Baker City tonight. His daughter was on the train and gave the alarm. A handcar from Baker City is now searching for the missing man.

# SYMPATHY WITH HONEST LABOR

## Ex-Senator Davis Knows What it is to Work.

## BELIEVES IN LIVING WAGES

## COMPLETE ANSWER TO A LYING PUBLICATION.

ROANOKE, Va., Aug. 18.—The following letter from H. G. Davis, the Democratic candidate for vice president, has been made public here:

"Elkins, W. Va., Aug. 15, 1904.—Mr. I. V. Johnson, Roanoke, Va.—My Dear Mr. Johnson: I am glad to have your letter calling my attention to the publication placing me in an attitude of hostility to the laboring class. No one who knows me personally or is at all acquainted with the circumstances of my life, will put any credence in the statements to which you refer. I think I can well claim that I belong to the laboring class. For many years I worked in the ranks as a wage-earner, and I know what it is to earn my living by the sweat of my brow. On the other hand, I have been a large employer of labor, in railroads, coal mines, lumber mills, etc., and have never had any serious trouble with my men. I can recall but two instances in which there were strikes, and these were of short duration and peaceable. No man has ever been discharged from our service because he was a union man, or been evicted from a company's house for any reason. I think you will find that the conditions of the railroad man and the miner in connection with the enterprises I have directed will compare more favorably with those in other localities of the country."

"I have always believed, and my conduct has borne out, that I have an opportunity of doing good by the work I do and the cost of living, every man is entitled to full compensation for his services. I am charged with having instituted proceedings which led to an injunction against strikers, by Judge Jackson of this city, but I have nothing to do with the matter until I read of it in the newspapers. The injunction was applied for by the packers, and I employ no person to them in any way. On the contrary, I remember on one occasion one of our superintendents suggested an injunction against our men, and I declined to consider it."

"H. G. DAVIS."

STRIKERS IN AMBUSH

## Fusillade of Shots as a Trainload of Strike Breakers Passed Christopher, Ill.

Zeigler, Ill., Aug. 18.—Two wounded guards lying in the hospital here—one shot in the neck with both wrist and hand by a bullet, the other in the side by a mixed load from a shot gun—summed the casualties in the battle with the strikers which occurred today half a mile south of Christopher.

The appearance of an Illinois Central special carrying twenty-five miners and nine guards was awaited by the strikers concealed in a cornfield behind Zeigler and stumps just south of the switch on the Zeigler branch. Fire was opened on the approaching special in a scattering volley and continued for about five minutes in a desultory way. Special effort seemed to be made to hit the engineer, as many bullets missed him by a few inches. Bullets plowed into the hard wood covering of the coach and caboose at all angles, showing a heavy fire both from the Zeigler and from the train. Shots were plainly heard in Zeigler.

Trainmen returned under escort of United States deputies and Zeigler guards, which escort will remain with the train until it returns with another importation of the strikers.

MRS. WILLENS HAS A CHANCE TO RECOVER

Chicago, Aug. 18.—It was said by physicians today that Mrs. John T. Wilens of Memphis, Tenn., one of the four occupants of an automobile which was driven into a river last night, had a fighting chance to recover, and that the others were apparently much better. They are R. C. Burroughs of this city, owner of the car, and one of the four occupants of the car at the time of the accident; A. P. Canong, Clarksville, Miss., and John Wilens, husband of Mrs. Wilens. Mrs. Wilens was reported to have a broken collar bone and to be badly bruised. Louis Mohr, a sailor who assisted in the rescue, is credited with saving the lives of several of the occupants of the car, appeared at the hotel where the party is staying today and declared after the condition of those he had rescued.

VERITABLE REIGN OF TERROR IN GEORGIA

Statesboro, Ga., Aug. 18.—The developments in the situation here following the burning of the negroes at the Statesboro penitentiary show today only a repetition of yesterday's events excepting that no killings have been reported from the country districts. Two negroes, a man and a woman, were whipped near Register, ten miles from Statesboro, and it is said also that several others received lashings at other localities. Many negroes have left, and it is said that a social band of white men and fields is sure to follow as the cotton picking season is at hand.

HUSTLING FOR VOTES.

## Both National Committees Sending Speakers to Maine and Vermont.

New York, Aug. 18.—Both national committees continue to give attention to the states of Vermont and Maine. Speakers are being engaged and sent to the states as fast as arrangements can be made with them.

Senator Proctor of Vermont was at the Republican headquarters today and expressed confidence of a full Republican vote, which would be about 25,000 majority. He told members of the national committee that the Democrats generally would return to their party this year, and it is estimated that about 8,000 Democrats voted with the Republicans eight years ago. Senator Proctor says there has not been an election since 1888 in which party conditions in the states were so normal and regular.

READY TO BEGIN.

Work on the Panama Canal Will be Pushed.  
Washington, Aug. 18.—Work of constructing the Panama canal is about to begin in earnest. The head-quarters of the commission in this city large requisitions from the isthmus for dynamite and other explosives for blasting purposes are being filled.

To meet the demand for the considerable amount of printing required in connection with the enterprise, a full printing outfit has been authorized and this will go forward at the earliest possible moment.

VICTIM OF A WOMAN.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—Max Gutter, a mining man of Alameda, secured a warrant today for the arrest of Lena Walton, known as the "Hettie Green of Nome." He accuses her of swindling him out of \$5,000 in a mining deal.